Expanding GIS: Creating a GIS program for Local Agencies

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Local Public Health Agencies

- 114 LPHAs in Missouri
- Governed by elected boards, county commissions or city councils
- Vary in size, staffing & resources
- Connected to State through contracts



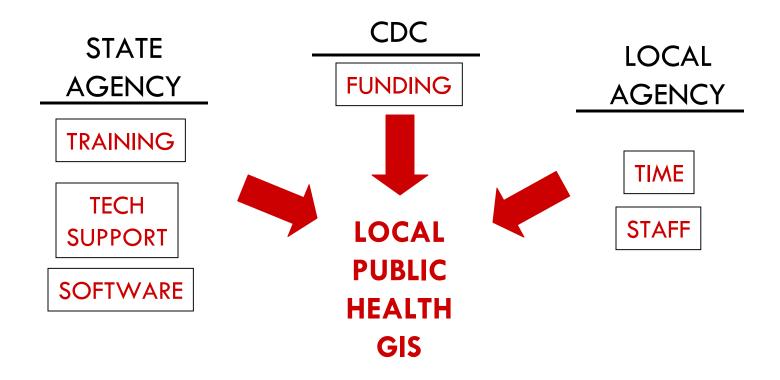
GIS Use - Missouri Public Health

- DHSS hired first GIS position in 2001
- 3 more positions created through CDC's Bioterrorism grant in 2002
- GIS training and support program in place for all DHSS GIS users.
- Few LPHAs have GIS capabilities



Local GIS Program

Utilize existing GIS resources at State level to assist local agencies.





Funding

CDC Bioterrorism Grant

Increased local and state public health infrastructure with:

- GIS capacity to map data
- Ongoing support for GIS staff and training
- Maintain ongoing support for GIS staff and training



Benefits to LPHA

Each participating LPHA receives:

- Access to 1 license of ArcView GIS software
- Ongoing GIS training
- Statewide spatial databases
- GIS application support
- On-site emergency GIS support if available.



LPHA Expectations

- Appoint one employee to participate
- Utilize GIS for various projects at local office.
- Complete monthly GIS exercises.
- Participate in additional DHSS GIS training and field drills when possible.
- Provide GIS expertise for county's area of responsibility for health emergency preparedness, response, and recovery





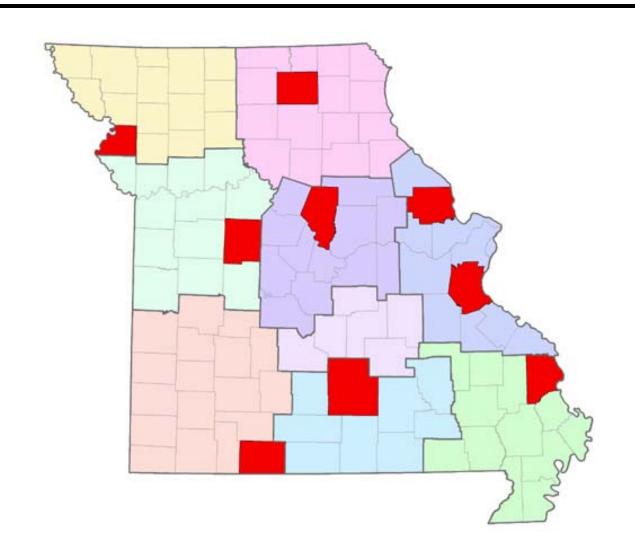
Agency Selection

- Seminars were held across the state to educate Local health workers about GIS.
- Applications taken for interested agencies.
- Agencies selected from applications.
 - Location in EmergencyResponse District
 - Availability of Resources





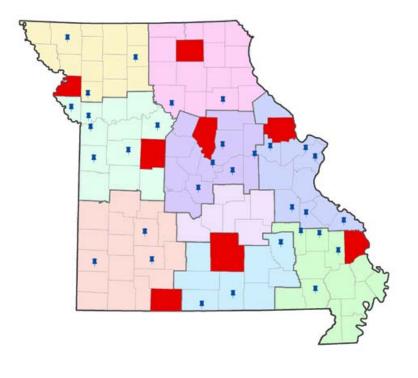
2003 Participating Agencies





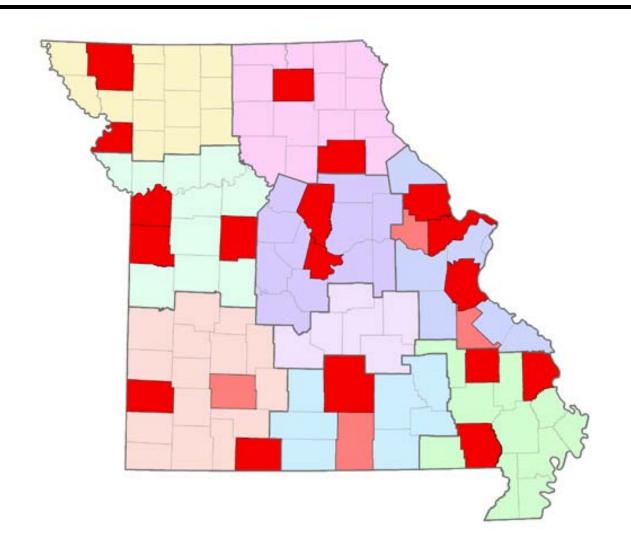
2004 Agency Selection

- Expanded applicant search
- More agencies aware of GIS
- 32 agencies applied
- Required written statement on how the agency could benefit from GIS





2004 Participating Agencies







Introductory Training

Training at ESRI in St. Charles, MO

- Introduction to GIS I 2 days
- Introduction to GIS II 3 days

All costs covered by DHSS



Introduction to GIS in Public Health:

- Basic GIS concepts
- Public Health specific exercises
- Utilize Missouri data





Local BT GIS:

- Additional GIS skills
- Public Health Event Scenarios
 - Patient resource management
 - West Nile Mosquito Spraying
 - Salmonella Epidemic
 - Restaurant Inspections
 - Radiologic Waste Accident
- GPS basics





Field Training:

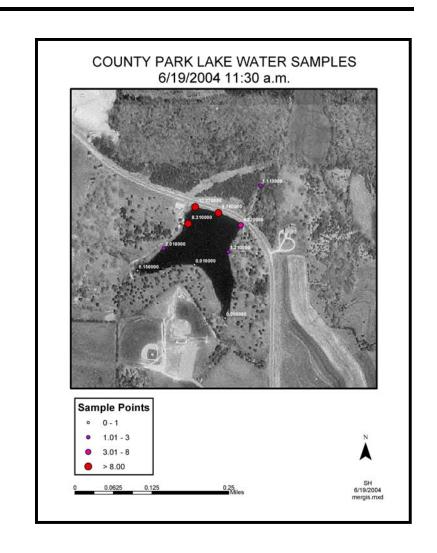
- Outdoor Emergency Exercise
- Teams work to provide GIS/GPS support for health emergency
- Use skills learned in Day 1 & 2.







- Collapsed Dam
- •Contaminated water reservoir
- Toxic automobile accident





Monthly Exercises

- Short exercises designed to utilize various aspects of GIS
- Completed via email.
- Users are given a 2 week period to complete the exercise
- Increases users skills
- Increases communication between GIS Users and GIS administrators



Monthly Exercises

General directions for proficient users

GHERM Monthly Exercise #1

Your Task:

Create a pdf document called "monthly_exl.pdf" that contains a map of your county and the locations of the medical facilities and local public health department offices. The map should also show the cities and towns as well as major roads. The health department offices should be labeled with their office names.

If needed, follow the detailed guide below to complete the exercise.

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Monthly Exercises

Detail instructions for new users

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The Cities and Towns are now the same color as your county. Change the fill color of the Cities and Towns so that they will be visible (fill color = mango, outline color = no color).

To do this, go to the layer properties, and change the fill color of Cities and Towns to 'Mango' and the outline to 'No Color.'

Make Local Public Health Agency offices visible.

The layer for Local Public Health Agencies is found under the "DHSS Health Offices and Districts" group. Expand the group to find the layer. Make sure that the group is visible (has the box to the left of the name checked) and that the Local Public Health Agencies layer is visible (checked). If the box is checked, but gray, this means that the layer is on, but the map view is not in the set visible scale range. To change this, right-click on the layer, and go to "Visible Scale Range" and then select "Clear Scale Range."

If your symbols are still not visible, they could be covered by a polygon layer (such as "Cities and Towns"). Turn off the "Political Boundary" group by unchecking the box in



Additional Training

- Advanced GIS courses
 - Symbology
 - Geocoding
 - Statistical Methods in GIS
- Field Exercises
 - Local Emergency Response Drills
 - GIS-specific drills



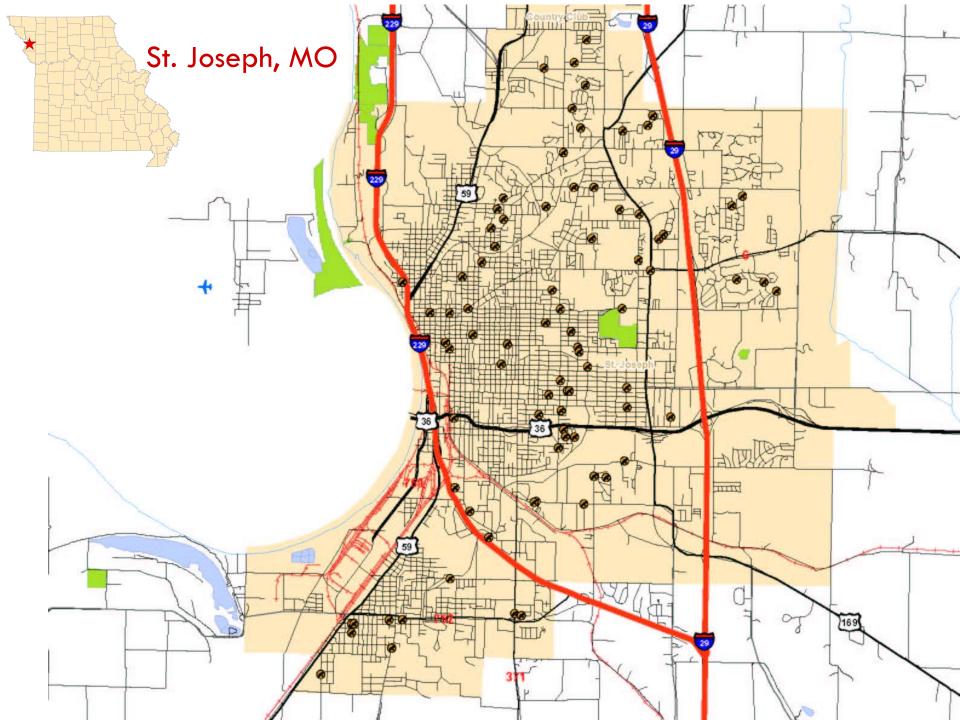


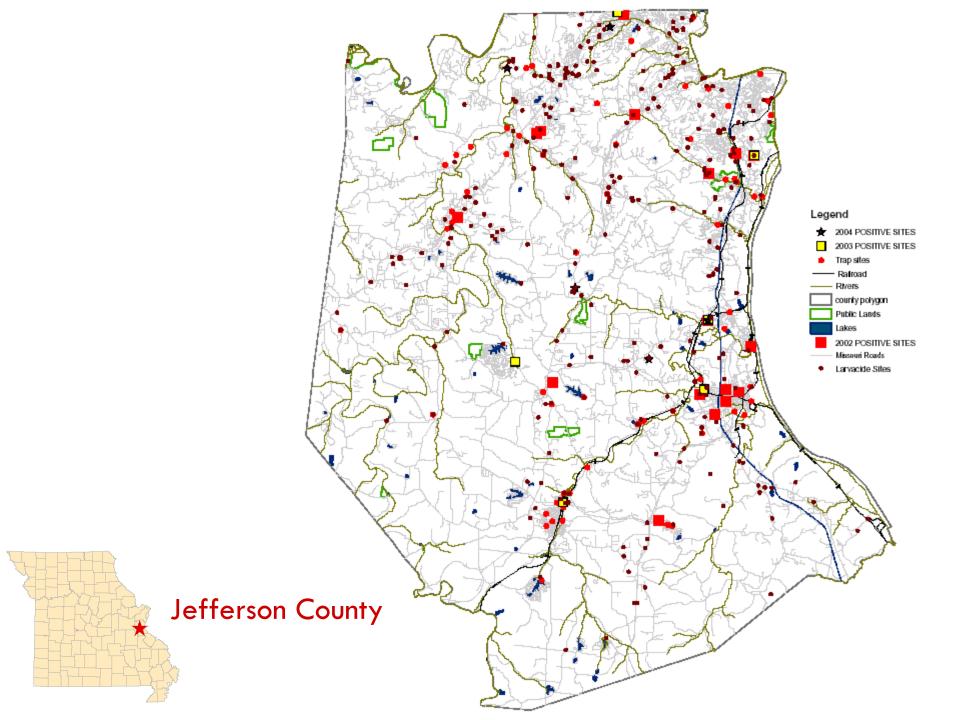


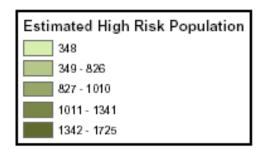
GIS Use at Local Level

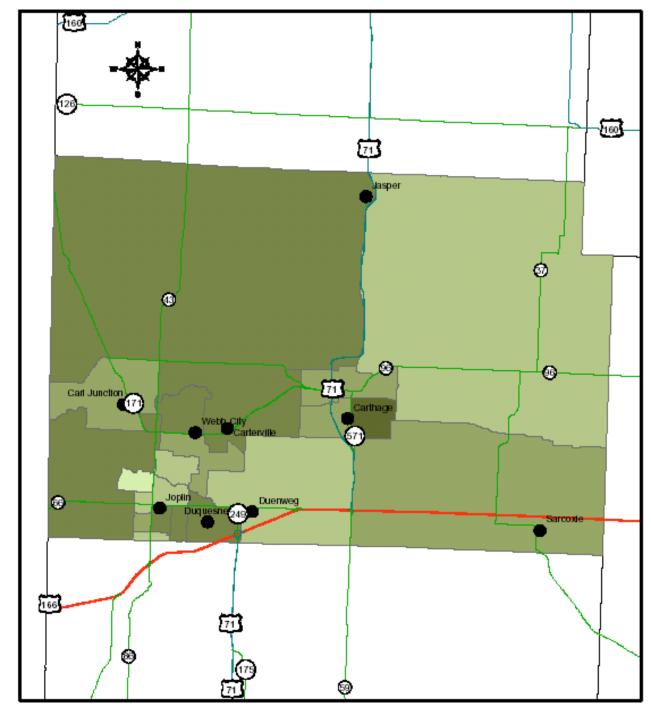
- Disease surveillance
- Resource Management
- Inspections
- Environmental Health
- Emergency Response





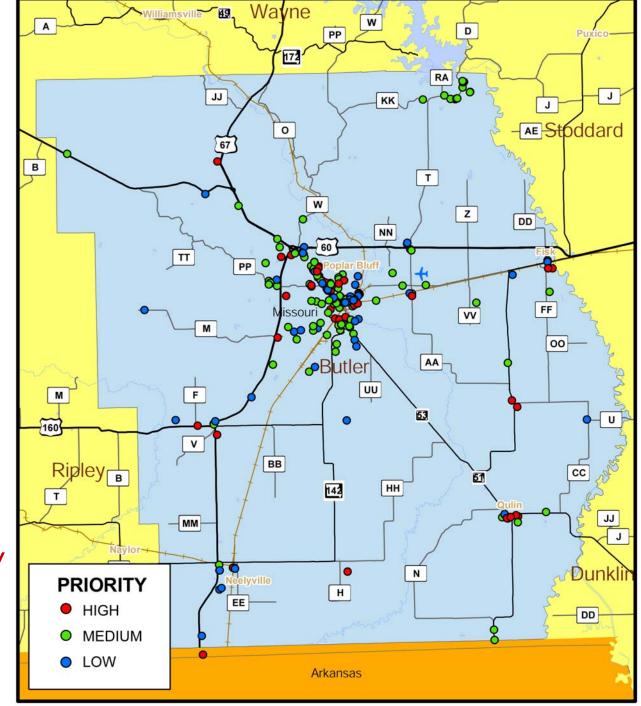








Restaurant Inspections

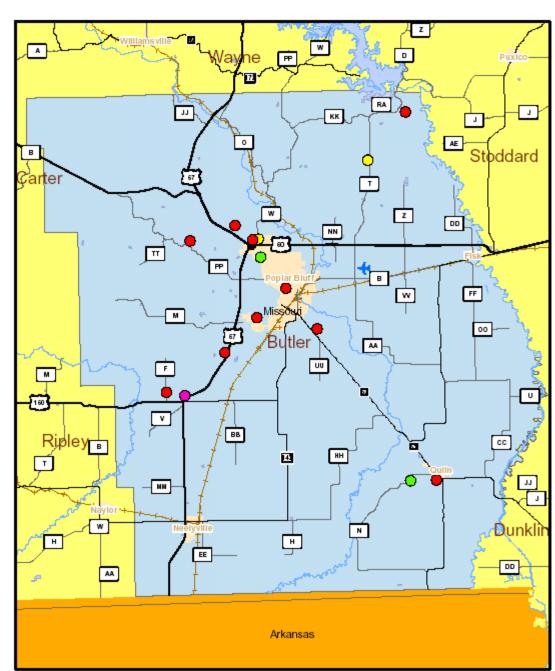


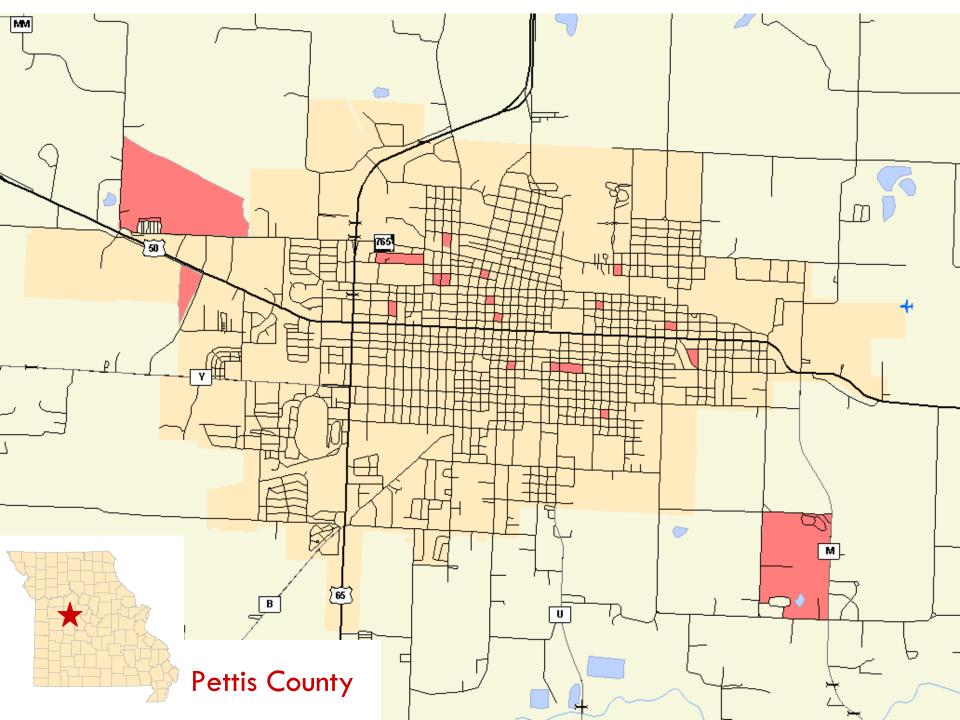


Sewage Complaints for Butler County in 2004

- Violation Notice Issued
- Violation in Progess
- Violation Resolved
- Unfounded

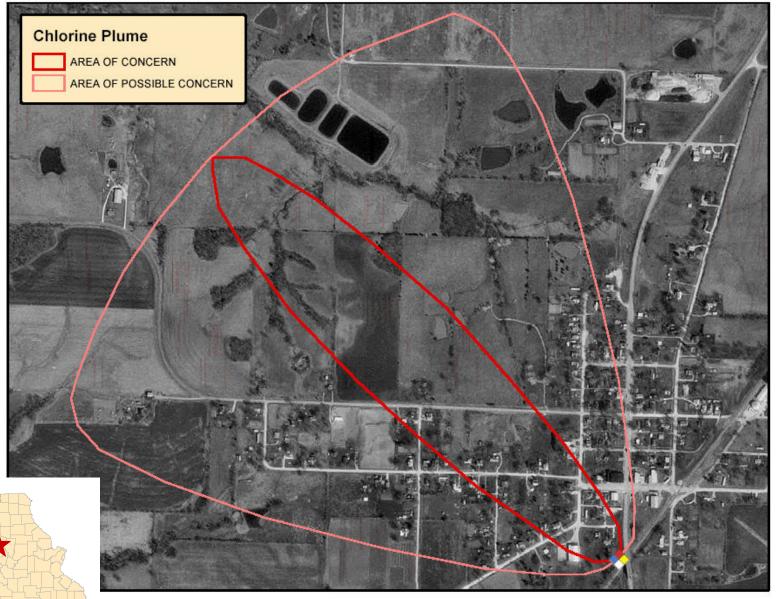
Butler County





Chlorine Plume Scenario

Armstrong, Missouri





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Challenges

- Local
 - Limited staff
 - Time to learn and use software
 - Learning curve
- State
 - Making GIS a priority
 - Communication



Benefits

- Allows local interests to be explored that might not have high priority at state level.
- Utilizes state resources and technical assistance.
- Improve communication and coordination between state and local government.
- Work together toward a common goal to positively impact public health.



Now What?

- Continue GIS support & training
- Add more LPHAs to program
- Evaluate GIS uses in program LPHAs
- Environmental Grant
 - Expand training topics
 - GPS training
 - Develop environmental spatial database

